or committee meeting, and at the appropriate Regional Office for a council meeting, for a period of two years after the meeting, or until one year after the conclusion of any Corporation proceeding with respect to which the meeting was held, whichever occurs later.

- (c) The Corporation shall make available to the public all portions of the transcript, recording, or minutes required by paragraph (a) of this section that do not contain information that may be withheld under §1622.5. A copy of those portions of the transcript, recording, or minutes that are available to the public shall be furnished to any person upon request at the actual cost of duplication or transcription.
- (d) Copies of Corporation records other than notices or records prepared under this part may be pursued in accordance with part 1602 of these regulations.

§1622.9 Emergency procedures.

If, in the opinion of the Chairman, the Directors are rendered incapable of conducting a meeting by the acts or conduct of any members of the public present at the meeting, the Directors may thereupon determine by a recorded vote of the majority of the number of Directors present at the meeting that the Chairman or presiding officer of the Board shall have the authority to have such members of the public who are responsible for such acts or conduct removed from the meeting.

[50 FR 30714, July 29,1985]

§1622.10 Report to Congress.

The Corporation shall report to the Congress annually regarding its compliance with the requirements of the Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552(b), including a tabulation of the number of meetings open to the public, the number of meetings or portions of meetings closed to the public, the reasons for closing such meetings or portions thereof, and a description of any litigation brought against the Corporation under 5 U.S.C. 552b, including any costs assessed against the Corporation in such litigation.

PART 1623—PROCEDURES GOV-ERNING SUSPENSION OF FINAN-CIAL ASSISTANCE

Sec.

1623.1 Purpose.

1623.2 Definition.

1623.3 Grounds for suspension.

1623.4 Suspension.

1623.5 Time extension and waiver.

1623.6 Interim funding.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1006(b)(1), 1011 (42 U.S.C. 2996e(b)(1), (2996j).

SOURCE: 43 FR 21883, May 22, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

§1623.1 Purpose.

By providing procedures for prompt review that will insure informed deliberation by the Corporation when there is reason to believe that financial assistance to a recipient should be suspended, this part seeks to avoid unnecessary disruption in the delivery of legal assistance to eligible clients.

§1623.2 Definition.

Suspension means any action temporarily suspending or curtailing financial assistance to a recipient in whole or in part prior to the expiration of the recipient's current grant from or contract with the Corporation.

§1623.3 Grounds for suspension.

Financial assistance provided to a recipient may be suspended when:

- (a) There has been substantial failure by a recipient to comply with a provision of law, or a rule, regulation, or guideline issued by the Corporation, or a term or condition of the recipient's current grant from or contract with the Corporation; or
- (b) There has been substantial failure by a recipient to provide high quality, economical, and effective legal assistance, as measured by generally accepted professional standards, the provisions of the Act, or a rule, regulation, or guideline issued by the Corporation.
- (c) In the absence of unusual circumstances, suspension shall not take place unless the Corporation has given the recipient notice of its failure and an opportunity to take effective corrective action.